SENATE BILL 5256

State of Washington 64th Legislature 2015 Regular Session

By Senators Darneille, Rolfes, and Chase

Read first time 01/16/15. Referred to Committee on Human Services, Mental Health & Housing.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to requiring reasonable suspicion before allowing
- 2 strip searches of juveniles in juvenile detention facilities; and
- 3 amending RCW 10.79.130 and 10.79.140.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 10.79.130 and 1986 c 88 s 2 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- 7 (1) No person to whom this section is made applicable by RCW 8 10.79.120 may be strip searched without a warrant unless:
- 9 (a) There is a reasonable suspicion to believe that a strip 10 search is necessary to discover weapons, criminal evidence, 11 contraband, or other thing concealed on the body of the person to be 12 searched, that constitutes a threat to the security of a holding,
- 13 detention, or local correctional facility;
- 14 (b) There is probable cause to believe that a strip search is 15 necessary to discover other criminal evidence concealed on the body 16 of the person to be searched, but not constituting a threat to
- 17 facility security; or
- 18 (c) There is a reasonable suspicion to believe that a strip
- 19 search is necessary to discover a health condition requiring
- 20 immediate medical attention.

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(2) For the purposes of subsection (1) of this section, a 1 reasonable suspicion is deemed to be present when the person to be searched is an adult and has been arrested for: 3

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- (a) A violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 or any successor statute;
- (b) An offense involving escape, burglary, or the use of a deadly 7 weapon; or
- (c) An offense involving possession of a drug or controlled 8 substance under chapter 69.41, 69.50, or 69.52 RCW or any successor 9 statute. 10
- (3) When the person to be searched is a juvenile, reasonable 11 suspicion requires an individualized determination, and reasonable 12 efforts must be used to use other less-intrusive means as described 13 14 in RCW 10.79.140(2).
- 15 Sec. 2. RCW 10.79.140 and 1986 c 88 s 3 are each amended to read 16 as follows:
 - (1) A person to whom this section is made applicable by RCW 10.79.120 who has not been arrested for an offense within one of the categories specified in RCW 10.79.130(2) may nevertheless be strip searched, but only upon an individualized determination of reasonable suspicion or probable cause as provided in this section.
 - (2) With the exception of those situations in which reasonable suspicion is deemed to be present under RCW 10.79.130(2), no strip search may be conducted without the specific prior written approval of the jail unit supervisor on duty. Before any strip search is conducted, reasonable efforts must be made to use other lessintrusive means, such as pat-down, electronic metal detector, or clothing searches, to determine whether a weapon, criminal evidence, contraband, or other thing is concealed on the body, or whether a health condition requiring immediate medical attention is present. The determination of whether reasonable suspicion or probable cause exists to conduct a strip search shall be made only after such lessintrusive means have been used and shall be based on a consideration of all information and circumstances known to the officer authorizing the strip search, including but not limited to the following factors:
- (a) The nature of the offense for which the person to be searched 36 37 was arrested;
- (b) The prior criminal record of the person to be searched; 38 ((and)) 39

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- 1 (c) Physically violent behavior of the person to be searched, 2 during or after the arrest; and
- 3 (d) For a juvenile, a record of the juvenile's past behavior in 4 the facility.

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